Study Guide Unit 4: Exploration. Extra Credit for completion, 3 pts.

1. Vocabulary
	1. Vernacular
	2. Secularism
	3. Indulgences
	4. Protestant Reformation
	5. Renaissance
2. Martin Luther and his problems with church
3. Gutenberg, the Printing Press, and Impact
4. How was Luther treated after his 95 theses
5. Three branches of Christianity- similarities and differences
6. Counter catholic-reformation
	1. Jesuits
	2. Goals
	3. Council of Trent
7. What are the three “G’s” for exploration?
8. Know what the followings explorers did and why they were important:

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| Vasco da GamaPrince Henry (Yes I know he is not an explorer)Christopher Columbus | Hernando CortesZheng HeFerdinand Magellan |

1. What nation led the early exploration and how did it impact the rest of Europe?
2. What impact did new technologies have on the start of exploration
3. What idea or concept allows Europeans to gain access to new technologies for exploration? What nation did they receive these new technologies from? \*\*Think about themes we have been using since Unit 1\*\*
4. Understand why some people consider individuals like Christopher Columbus a hero and villain
5. What are the two main reasons for Columbus’ expeditions?
	1. What does Spain want to with the lands that are found?
6. What are the differences and similarities between Geocentric and Heliocentric?
7. What is meant by the phrase “Renaissance Man”?
8. How was human potential an important change during the Renaissance?
9. What is the age of exploration? How does the age of exploration lead to other great discoveries during this time period?
10. Why would want to invest in a joint-stock company?
11. What is the goal of mercantilism? (two items)
12. Who benefits and loses when it comes to mercantilism?
	1. Explain the role of the colony in mercantilism
13. What discovery sparked the Scientific Revolution? Who made the discovery?